



JOURNÉE INTERNATIONALE DES MATHÉMATIQUES

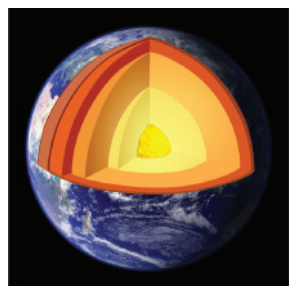
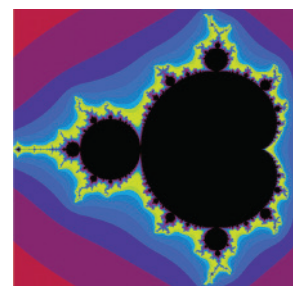
14 MARS

$$f_{a,\sigma^2}(\xi_1) = \frac{(\xi_1 - a)}{\sigma^2} f_{a,\sigma^2}(\xi_1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} f(x, \theta) dx = M \left(T(\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln L(\xi, \theta) \right) \int$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln L(x, \theta) \right) \cdot f(x, \theta) dx = \int T(x) \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} f(x, \theta) \right) f(x, \theta) dx$$

$$T(\xi) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \int T(x) f(x, \theta) dx = \int \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} T(x) f(x, \theta) dx$$



LES MATHÉMATIQUES
SONT PARTOUT

